QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Q. How does the test work?
A. When a woman gets pregnant, her body produces a pregnancy hormone called hCG (human Chorionic Gonadotropin) in her urine. Midstream Pregnancy Test detects the presence of the hormone from first day of missed period.

Q. What do I do if the test is positive?
A. You should see your doctor who will discuss your pregnancy with you and explain what steps you should take next. It is recommended that you retest three days later by using another Midstream Pregnancy Test. The earlier you see your doctor, the better it is for your health and the health of your baby.

Q. What do I do if the test is negative?
A. A negative result means that no pregnancy hormone has been detected and you are probably not pregnant. If your period does not start within a week, you may have miscalculated the day your period was due. Retest by using another Midstream Pregnancy Test. If the test still gives you a negative result and you still have not menstruated, you should see your doctor.

Q. Do I have to test in the morning?
A. No, Midstream Pregnancy Test can be used at any time of the day from the day you period is due.

Q. What if the test is allowed to run for more than 5 minutes?
A. A positive (Pregnant) test result will not change after the test is completed. A negative (Not Pregnant) test result should be read as soon as possible at 3 minutes. Over time, some negative results might turn to a weak positive result because the test chemicals keep on reacting.

Q. How accurate is the Midstream Pregnancy Test?
A. In laboratory studies, this test was shown to be over 99% accurate.

Q. Can any medicines affect the result?
A. Only medicines which contain hCG can give a false reading. HCG-containing drugs include: A.P.L., Pregnyl, Follutein and Profasi. Hormone therapies (such as Clomid, Serophene, or Pergonal), painkillers, or the contraceptive pill should not affect the test result.

Q. Can I get a false or misleading result?
A. This should not happen if you follow the instructions correctly. However, if you get the capture head wet before using the test, if the test is out of the foil pouch for more than 24 hours before you conduct the test, if you don’t get enough urine on the capture head, or if the test is not kept with the capture head pointing down when immersed in urine, then you may not get a reliable result. Certain rare medical conditions can also cause a false result. If you repeatedly get unexpected results, you should check with you doctor.
Q. How soon can I use Midstream Pregnancy Test?
A. This test can detect pregnancy hormone levels in your urine as early as the first day your period is late, and can be used on the day of your missed period as well as any day thereafter.

Q. Does drinking alcohol affect the result?
A. No.

Q. What if I splash the test windows with urine?
A. In general, the urine will not get inside the test chamber. Place the kit on a level surface and clean away the urine with tissue paper. Follow the instructions to run the test. If the window and the reaction area underneath are thoroughly wet by urine, you might not obtain a correct result. If a purple band does not appear in the control window in 5 minutes, the test should be voided and you might use another Midstream Pregnancy Test to retest. However, if you do get a band in the control window, you can rely on your result.

Q. Does it matter if I touch the urine capture head?
A. No. If you conduct the test according to the instructions, it does not matter if you touch the urine capture head.

SAFEGUARD YOUR BABY’S HEALTH
- Consult your doctor, and check with him or her regarding any medication you are currently taking.
- Maintain a well-balanced diet.
- Stop smoking.
- Avoid alcohol. According to the Surgeon General, pregnant women should not drink alcohol because of the risk of birth defects.